

u<u>t</u>ēnzi wa vīţa vikuu The Ballad of the Great Battle

أَكَتُونَ تَمَارِ * نَخُبُوزِ يَشَعِيْرِ

akatoa tamāri * na hubūzi ya sha'īri 138a/b He took out dates and barley bread

نَمِلْح أَصْفَرِ * كَكَهِيْتِ كَتَالِئَ

na milihi asufari1 * kak'ēti katoelea 138c/d

And yellow salt - he sat down and took [them] out.

كِشَكُوْلَ كَحِمِيْدِ * وَاكِ إِلَاهِ وَدُوْدِ kishakūla kaḥimīdi * wāke ilāhi wadūdi 149

139a/b

When he finished eating he gave thanks to his beloved God,

مُؤُوْنْبَ زُوْته جَسَادِ * مَعَدُو نَمُوَلِيْ

muūmba zōt'e jasādi * ma'aduwi na mawalii2 139c/d The Creator of all individuals - both enemies and friends.

> هَاتَ كُكِينْبَؤُوْكَ * عَمُوْرِ أَكَتُوْكَ 1 2.

hāta kukipambaūka * 'amūri akatōka 140a/b

Until, when dawn came, Amuri came out

كُو عَلِيْ أَكَفِيْكَ * سَوْتِ أَكَئِتُوَ kwa 'alii akafika * sawti akaitoa

140c/d He arrived beside Ali and [Ali] spoke.

عَلِيْ كَتَكَلَامَ * أَهْلاً يَا مُكَرَّمَ 1 2 1 'alii katakalāma * ahalān yā mukarrama 141a/b

Ali said Greetings, Honoured One

¹The salt is yellow because it is unpurified rock-salt, containing iodine.

²The implication is that these are friends and enemies of Islam.

لَّ الْحَوْلِيَ اللَّامَ * نَدِئَ إِنْغَاوَ طُولِيَ tutawaṣīli salāma * ndia ingāwa ṭawiliya 141c/d We shall arrive safely even if the road is long.

الله عَمُوْرِ كَرُوْدِ نُدُّانِ * كَئِلَبِيْسِ يُوَانِ 'amūri karūdi ndani * kailabīsi yuwani 142a/b

Amuri went back inside; know that he dressed himself

دِرِیْعِ زَ أُوُنْدَانِ * أَكَئِفُوْنْڠَ زِكَمْكَاءَ

dirī'i za uwandāni³ * akaifūnga zikamkāa⁴ 142c/d *In battle-armour, and fastened it firmly upon himself.*

na sēfu njēma asīsi * na rumuḥi na turūsi 143a/k And [took up] a good, stout sword, and a spear, and a shield. أَكُمْيَانْدُ فَرَاسٍ * جُوْ أَكُمْكَلِئَ

akampānda farāsi * juu akamkalia 143c/d Then he mounted his steed, and seated himself upon it.

النَّهُارِ النَّهُارِ النَّهُارِ النَّهُارِ النَّهُارِ وَالنَّهَارِ السَّالِ وَالنَّهَارِ wakēnda t'aḥubīri * bi-llayli wa-nnahāri 144a/b
They went, I'll tell you, by night and day,
وَ كَيَنْبَانَ نَبَحَارِ * نَمِيْطِ نَمَطَرِيَ
pambāna na bahāri * na mīţi na matariya 144c/d

wakapambāna na baḥāri * na mīţi na maṭariya⁵ 144c/d *And they encountered oceans, and forests, and oases.*

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ndia zīli za madīni * 'amūri kaziţambua 145c/d These roads [led to] Medina - Amuri recognised them.

أَوْنْدَ (uwanda) is an open space, and by extension a battlefield.

⁴Lit. and bound himself so that [the armour] stayed on him.

⁵Ar مطر *rain*. Seemingly used by extension here to mean a place with water.

عَمُوْرِ كَذُكُوْرِ * كَمْوَنبِيَ حَيْدَرِ 127 'amūri kadhukūri * kamwambia haydari6 146a/b

Amuri spoke and said to the Lion:

دُرُوْبُ نْدَ أَنْصَارِ * نْبُوْنَ لُوَئِفُولِيَ

durūbu nda anṣāri7 * mbona ţwaifuwaţia 146c/d

This is the Companions' road why are we following it?

نَاسِ ثُمِفَانْيَ مَشَوُّوْرِ * يَكُونِينْدُ سَفَارِ

nāsi ţumefānya mashaūri * ya kwenēnda safāri

For we have taken counsel about going on the journey,

كُوَنْغَلِئَ أَمْصَارِ * جُنُوْدِ كُئِكُسَنْيِئَ

kwangalia amṣāri * junūdi kuikusanyia 147c/d to reconnoitre the city while the army assembles.

⁶A frequently-used metonym for Ali.

⁷The Ansari were the Muslims of Medina who gave refuge to the Prophet after the Hegira. Possibly this word is in error for أُمْصَار, city, used in the next stanza.